

ADDENDUM A FOR IES TM-15-11:



BACKLIGHT, UPLIGHT, AND GLARE (BUG RATINGS)

This Addendum replaces Addendum A in IESNA TM-15-07.

The following Backlight, Uplight, and Glare ratings may be used to evaluate luminaire optical performance related to light trespass, sky glow, and high angle brightness control. These ratings are based on a zonal lumen calculation for secondary solid angles defined in TM-12-11. The zonal lumen thresholds listed in the following three tables are based on data from photometric testing procedures approved by the Illuminating Engineering Society for outdoor luminaires (LM-31 or LM-35).

Table A-1: Backlight Ratings (maximum zonal lumens)

Secondary Solid Angle		B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5
Backlight / Trespass	BH	110	500	1000	2500	5000	>5000
	BM	220	1000	2500	5000	8500	>8500
	BL	110	500	1000	2500	5000	>5000

Table A-2: Uplight Ratings (maximum zonal lumens)

Secondary Solid Angle		U0	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5
Uplight / Skyglow	UH	0	10	50	500	1000	>1000
	UL	0	10	50	500	1000	>1000

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Table A-3: Glare Ratings (maximum zonal lumens)

Secondary Solid Angle		G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5
Glare / Offensive Light	FVH	10	100	1000	2500	5000	>5000
	BVH	10	100	255	500	750	>750
	FH	660	1800	5000	7500	12000	>12000
	BH	110	500	1000	2500	5000	>5000

Secondary Solid Angle		G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5
Glare / Offensive Light	FVH	10	100	225	500	750	>750
	BVH	10	100	255	500	750	>750
	FH	660	1800	5000	7500	12000	>12000
	BH	660	1800	5000	7500	12000	>12000

Notes to Tables A-1, A-2, and A-3:

- Any one rating is determined by the maximum rating obtained for that table. For example, if the BH zone is rated B1, the BM zone is rated B2, and the BL zone is rated B1, then the backlight rating for the luminaire is B2
- To determine BUG ratings, the photometric test data must include data in the upper hemisphere unless no light is emitted above 90 degrees vertical (for example, if the luminaire has a flat lens and opaque sides), per the IES Testing Procedures Committee recommendations.
- It is recommended that the photometric test density include values at least every 2.5 degree vertically. If a photometric test does not include data points every 2.5 degrees vertically, the BUG ratings shall be determined based on appropriate interpolation.
- A “quadrilateral symmetric” luminaire shall meet one of the following definitions:
 - A type V luminaire is one with a distributions that has circular symmetry, defined by the IESNA as being essentially the same at all lateral angles around the luminaire
 - A Type VS luminaire is one where the zonal lumens for each of the eight horizontal octant’s (0-45, 45-90, 90-135, 135-180, 180-225, 225-270, 270-315, 315-360) are within ± 10 percent of the average zonal lumens of all octant’s.

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“BUG” Rating Example:



A 60W SSL area luminaire, Type IV forward throw optical distribution.

Based on the photometric test data, the luminaire has the following zonal lumen distribution:

	Lumens	% Lamp Lumens
Forward Light		
FL (0-30 degrees)	325	5.7%
FM (30-60 degrees)	2500	43.7%
FH (60-80 degrees)	1742	30.4%
FVH (80-90 degrees)	51	0.9%
Back Light		
BL (0-30 degrees)	101	1.8%
BM (30-60 degrees)	585	10.2%
BH (60-80 degrees)	378	7.2%
BVH (80-90 degrees)	44	0.8%
Uplight		
UL (90-100 degrees)	0	0.0%
UH (100-180 degrees)	0	0.0%

Backlight Rating:

Determine the lowest rating where the lumens for all of the secondary solid angles do not exceed the threshold lumens from **Table A-1**. In this example the backlight rating would be **B1** based on the **BM** lumen limit.

Uplight Rating:

Determine the lowest rating where the lumens for all of the secondary solid angles do not exceed the threshold lumens from **Table A-2**. In this example the uplight rating would be **U0** based on the **UL** and **UH** lumen limits.

Glare Rating:

Determine the lowest rating where the lumens for all the secondary solid angles do not exceed the threshold lumens from **Table A-3** for a Type IV distribution. In this example, the glare rating would be **G1** based on the FH lumen limit.

Therefore, the BUG rating for this luminaire would be: **B1 U0 G1**